MULTIPLE-CHOICE ITEM-WRITING RULES


Procedural Rules:

- Use either the best answer or the correct answer format.
- Avoid complex multiple-choice & Type K format.
- Format the item vertically, not horizontally.
- Allow time for editing and other types of item revisions.
- Use good grammar, punctuation, and spelling consistently.
- Minimize examinee reading time in phrasing each item.
- Avoid trick items, those which mislead or deceive examinees into answering incorrectly.

Content-related Rules:

- Base each item on an educational or instructional objective.
- Focus on a single problem.
- Keep the vocabulary consistent with the examinees' level of understanding.
- Avoid cuing one item with another; keep items independent of one another.
- Use the author's examples as a basis for developing your items.
- Avoid overspecific knowledge when developing the item.
- Avoid textbook, verbatim phrasing when developing the item.
- Avoid items based on opinions.
- Use multiple-choice to measure higher level thinking.
- Test for important or significant materials; avoid trivial material.

Stem Construction Rules:

- State the stem in either question form or completion form.
- When using the completion form, don't leave a blank for completion in the beginning or middle of the stem.
- Ensure that the directions in the stem are clear, and that wording lets the examinee know exactly what is being asked.
- Avoid window dressing (excessive verbiage) in the stem.
- Word the stem positively; avoid negative phrasing.
- Include the central idea and most of the phrasing in the stem.

General Option Development Rules:

- Use as many options as are feasible; more options are desirable.
- Place options in logical or numerical order.
- Keep options independent; options should not be overlapping.
Keep all options in an item homogeneous in content.
Keep the length of options fairly consistent.
Avoid, or use sparingly, the phrase *all of the above.*
Avoid, or use sparingly, the phrase *none of the above.*
Avoid the use of the phrase *I don't know.*
Phrase options positively, not negatively.
Avoid distracters that can clue test-wise examinees; for example, avoid clang associations, absurd options, formal prompts, or semantic (overly specific or overly general) clues.
Avoid giving clues through the use of faulty grammatical construction.
Avoid specific determiners, such as *never* and *always.*

**Key Option Development Rules:**

- Position the correct option so that it appears about the same number of times in each possible position for a set of items.
- Make sure there is one and only one correct option.

**Distracter Development Rules:**

- Use plausible distracters; avoid illogical distracters.
- Incorporate common errors of students in distracters.
- Avoid technically phrased distracters.
- Use familiar yet incorrect phrases as distracters.
- Use true statement that do not correctly answer the item.
- Avoid the use of humor when developing options.